ASN Publications



The American Journal of Clinical Nutrition Media Alerts

The following articles are beingpublished in the July 2017 issue of *TheAmerican Journal of Clinical Nutrition (AJCN)*, a publication of theAmerican Society for Nutrition. Click here for full summaries and analyses. Links to the articles are below. Articles published in *AJCN* are embargoed until the article appears online either as inpress (Articles in Press) or as a final version. The embargoes for thefollowing articles have expired.

- Protein consumption patterns related to musclestrength in older individuals
- Weight loss and weakness, not obesity, predict negative outcomes in the elderly
- Can increasing protein intake after surgery help withrecovery?
- Want your child to like vegetables? Eat them whileyou're breastfeeding

Important Dates

Sept 18-20. <u>Native</u> <u>American Nutrition</u> <u>Conference</u> (Prior Lake, Minnesota)

Oct 15-20. <u>IUNS-ICN</u> <u>Meeting</u> (Buenos Aires)

June 9-12, 2018. Nutrition 2018 (Boston)

Protein consumption patterns related to musclestrength in older individuals

Recently published study finds that older individuals who includeprotein in breakfast and lunch, rather than mostly during the evening meal, most readily maintain their muscle strength.

- Farsijani S, Payette H, Morais JA, Shatenstein B, Gaudreau P, Chevalier S. Even mealtime distribution of protein intake is associated with greatermuscle strength, but not with 3-y physical function decline, in freelivingolder adults: the Quebec longitudinal study on Nutrition as a <u>Determinant of Successful Aging (NuAge study)</u>. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition 2017;106:113–24.
- Phillips SM. <u>Nutrition in theelderly: a recommendation for more (evenly distributed) protein?</u> American Journal of Clinical Nutrition2017; 106:12—3.

Journal Links

The American Journal of Clinical Nutrition

The Journal of Nutrition

Advances in Nutrition

<u>Current Developments</u> in Nutrition

Nutrition Today is a partner publication of ASN.

Weight loss and weakness, not obesity, predict negative outcomes in the elderly

Study concludes that, for older individuals, a combination of weight loss and loss of muscle strength is particularly predictive of death during a 4-year period.

- Hamer M, O'DonovanG. <u>Sarcopenic obesity</u>, <u>weight loss</u>, <u>and mortality</u>: <u>the English Longitudinalstudy of Ageing</u>. <u>American Journalof Clinical</u> *Nutrition* 2017;106:125–9.
- Batsis JA, Cook SB. <u>Is the whole not greater than the sum ofits parts?</u>
 <u>The case of sarcopenic obesity</u>. *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition* 2017;106:14–5.

Can increasing protein intake after surgery help withrecovery?

Practices associated with the Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) approach, such as increasing protein consumption during recovery, related to lower infection rate and speedier recovery after colorectal surgery.

Yeung SE, HilkewichL, Gillis C, Heine JA, Fenton TR. Protein intakes

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Media Requests

To arrange an interview with an ASN spokesperson, please email media@nutrition.org

Archive of Press Releases are associated with reducedlength of stay: a comparison between Enhanced Recovery After Surgery (ERAS) and conventional care after elective colorectal surgery. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition 2017;106:44–51.

 Soeters PB. <u>The Enhanced Recovery After Surgery(ERAS) program:</u> benefit and concerns. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition 2017;106:10–1.

Read full summaries here.

The American Journal of Clinical Nutrition Editor's Pick

Breastfeeding women are often advised to avoid spicyand other flavorful foods because some people believe that this might maketheir babies less fussy. However, a new study published in *The American Journal of Clinical Nutrition* suggests thatintroducing infants to new flavors—in this case, those common in vegetables—whilethey're breastfeeding might encourage young children to more easily accept themwhen they are introduced. Given the universal recommendation to increaseconsumption of vegetables, learning to like them in early life might havesubstantial health benefits to babies for the long haul.

Want your child to like vegetables? Eat them whileyou're breastfeeding.

Research team at the Monell Chemical Senses Center in Philadelphia reports their findings that infants learn to like vegetables (in this case, carrots) if their mothers eat them while breastfeeding.

 Mennella JA, DanielsLM, Reiter AR. <u>Learning to like vegetables during</u> <u>breastfeeding: a randomized linical trial of lactating mothers and infants</u>. *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition* 2017;106:67–76.

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